



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

MODEL 815 / 815L

X-RAY kVp Meter / Exposure Time Meter

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DESCRIPTION

The ECC Model 815 X-ray kVp Meter / Exposure Time Meter is used to measure the maximum or peak accelerating voltage output produced by tungsten X-ray generators. The ECC Model 815 is a solid-state, digital instrument designed specifically for service personnel in assessing the performance of radiation generators. This instrument not only samples the acceleration voltage of x-rays, but measures the length of an exposure. Having both functions in an instrument simplifies regular constancy checks of kV. The instrument is used for dental x-ray units, radiographic and fluoroscopic x-rays.

The Model 815 is available with a low range option (Model 815L). See specifications section for actual range of both models.

The Model 815 can be used to measure the peak acceleration voltage produced by half-wave, full-wave rectified x-ray machines as well as DC or multiphase x-rays. It will accurately use ratios produced by different differentially filtered x-ray detectors to observe kV levels. When the instrument is being used to measure the length of an exposure, the operator can also determine the characteristics of an x-ray. After a reading is obtained, pushing the 'Mode' button will give the operator a message indicating if the x-ray is:

1. half-wave, or
2. full-wave, or
3. DC / 3 Phase (constant potential, also for x-rays with more than 3 phase) and, the exposure time.

When a measurement is being made, the Model 815 has the capability of automatically determining the type of x-ray that is being measured. It is not necessary for the user to program correction factors for different types of x-ray waveforms.

The Model 815 automatically resets at the beginning of each exposure, holding the reading until the next exposure.

The most convenient way of using the 815 is to place it directly under the x-ray head. Step back, take the exposure and then observe the reading. Refer to the section on Operation for information on how to obtain the most accurate measurements.

Note: With high energy (above 70 kVp) disregard first reading after power on.

It is important that the user be thoroughly familiar with the contents of this manual before performing any tests on radiation generating equipment. It is also imperative that the user be thoroughly qualified, and familiar with safety precautions and other practices relating to radiation generators.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

SWITCH SETTINGS

In order to keep operation easy and straightforward there are only two switches on the front panel.

ON/OFF SWITCH

The ON/OFF Switch is used to turn on the instrument. The switch is illuminated, and the green light will be **on** when the power is turned **on**. Remember to turn the instrument off when not in use to conserve the batteries.

MODE SWITCH

The MODE SWITCH has two functions.

1. When initially turned on, the instrument can be switched to the “High Resolution” mode.
2. After a kVp reading is obtained, pushing the Mode Switch will provide additional information.

1. High Resolution / High Speed Modes

When the instrument is first powered on, it is in “Normal” or “High Speed Mode” which is used for most measurements. When used in Normal Mode the Model 815 inserts a delay of about 22 milliseconds before measuring the kVp. Pushing the button once will put the instrument into “High Resolution Mode”. In High Resolution Mode, the delay is approximately doubled. **When using the instrument in High Speed Mode, the x-ray exposure time must set to at least 40 ms (0.04 sec). When using the instrument in High Resolution Mode, the exposure must be at least 80 ms (0.08 sec).**

When the instrument is put into High Resolution Mode, it will stay in High Resolution Mode until it is turned off. To get the instrument into High Speed or Normal mode, turn the power off and then on. There is additional information about using High Resolution Mode in the Operation section.

2. Additional Information Display

After a measurement, the kVp value will be displayed. Additional information can be displayed by pushing the mode button momentarily. The instrument will then sequence through the following information:

- Waveform Type
- Exposure Time in milliseconds

And back to kVp.

Waveform type and exposure time will each be displayed for about 1.2 seconds, and then the display will revert back to kVp. After the Additional Information is displayed and display returns to kVp, the meter is ready for another reading. If the battery is low, a ‘Batt Low’ message will also appear for 1.2 seconds.

OPERATION

kVp Measurements

To use the Model 815 X-ray kVp Meter for a kVp measurement, in most instances it is only necessary to turn on the instrument, and then center the meter's target in the light field and make an exposure.

In order to ensure more accurate readings, the following points should be kept in mind. Refer to Appendix A for more information.

1. Current (mA)

The Model 815 will operate down to approximately 7 mA if the x-ray is focused properly on the x-ray target. The best accuracy is obtained at 10 to 50 mA.

2. Height

For half wave x-rays (Most dental x-rays) with 7 to 15 mA output, the cone should be ½ to 2 inches above the instrument.

For x-rays with 25 to 100 mA output, position the x-ray head 8 to 16 inches above the instrument.

3. Collimation

Collimate the x-ray to approximately 2" by 2" centered on the target on top of the instrument.

4. Exposure Time

There are two modes requiring different exposure times.

In the Normal or "High Speed Mode", the exposure time must be at least 0.04 sec (40 ms). Longer exposure times than 50 or 100 ms are not necessarily or desirable in order to minimize wear and tear on the head and exposure to the operator. When the instrument is used to measure exposure time, longer exposure may be tested.

In "High Resolution Mode", the x-ray exposure time must be at least 0.08 sec (80 ms).

5. Waveform

This instrument measures the maximum or peak accelerating voltage that occurs during any part of the x-ray exposure except for the first 30 ms which we use as a delay to make sure the x-ray waveform is stable. The instrument will read and display the maximum value of the accelerating voltage during the rest of the x-ray exposure.

6. Initial Reading

The x-ray detectors accumulate charge when the unit is not used. When initially powered on, the instrument will need one x-ray exposure to work correctly. Disregard the first reading, especially at higher energies i.e. above about 80 kVp.

Exposure Time Measurements

The Model 815 measures the Exposure Time each time a kVp measurement is made. To display the Exposure Time after an exposure, momentarily push the white Mode pushbutton switch. The exposure time will be displayed in milliseconds (ms). In normal or High Speed mode, exposure times less than 40 ms cannot be measured. The x-ray exposure time must be at least 40 ms. If it is necessary to measure exposure times less than 40 ms, please contact ECC to purchase our Model 8700 Digital X-ray Time Exposure Meter.

When the instrument is in High Resolution Mode, exposure times less than 80 ms cannot be measured. The x-ray exposure time must be at least 80 ms. We recommend using normal mode for all exposure time measurements.

More accurate reading of exposure times are obtained at lower kVp / mA settings. Many high-energy x-ray exposures have a noticeable decay at the trailing edge (end) that will be added to the exposure time. We recommend making exposure time readings at 50 to 80 kV and 25 to 50 mA. Also, the accuracy specifications apply for measurements greater than 150 milliseconds.

High Resolution

The Model 815 was specifically designed to accurately make measurements with a short exposure time in order to minimize wear on the x-ray head and exposure to service personnel. However, there are three conditions where more accurate readings can be obtained by sampling the x-ray waveform for a longer period of time.

Slow X-rays - Some x-rays, particularly older models take a relatively long time to reach peak exposure. In the normal or High Speed mode the instrument waits 22 ms before starting the x-ray measurement. The wait time is doubled in the High Resolution mode, and the actual measurement time is also doubled.

Some DC and multiphase units come on quickly but have a large overshoot. If the overshoot lasts more than 22 ms, High Resolution Mode will give a more accurate reading of the true maximum kVp.

Appendix A has more information about making accurate kVp measurements.

FILTRATION CORRECTION (kVp Measurement)

The Model 810 Meter is calibrated for tungsten tube x-rays with 1.5 mm of Al filtering. When the x-ray has different filtration, refer to the table below and make the appropriate correction to the kVp reading.

At 50 mA

Added Filtration	60 kVp	80 kVp	100 kVp	120 kVp
0.31 mm Al	-0.2	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5
1 mm Al	-1.1	-1.5	-2.6	-3.0

At 100 mA

Added Filtration	60 kVp	80 kVp	100 kVp	120 kVp
0.31 mm Al	-0.2	-0.6	-0.8	-1.7
1 mm Al	-0.9	-1.7	-1.7	-3.4

For example, if your x-ray has 2.5 mm Al, that is equivalent to 1.0 mm of added filtration. A reading at approximately 60 kVp, 50 mA will be 1.1 kV high. Subtract 1.1 kVp to get the correct reading.

The values can also be interpolated. For example, when taking a reading at 70 kVp, 100mA with 0.3 mm additional filtration (1.8 mm total), use a correction factor mid way between -0.2 and -0.6, which is -0.4. Therefore, when taking a measurement at about 70 kVp, 100 mA with 1.8 mm of Al filtration, subtract 0.4 kVp.

For values below about 50 kVp, the correction factor is minimal and can be ignored.

CONNECTIONS

No external connections are made to the instrument.

BLUETOOTH REMOTE MONITOR

This instrument is equipped with a feature that can be used to show output data on an Android smartphone or tablet using the Bluetooth module in every instrument. When not using the Bluetooth feature, the unit is used in normal fashion. In order to use the Remote Monitor, an application (app) must be installed on your Android phone or tablet.

This feature is installed on Model 815 kVp Meters serial number 646 and up and Model 820 kVp/mA Meters serial number 329 and above.

This feature is provided as a convenience so that it is not necessary to go into the x-ray room to observe the meter after each reading. There is also a file save capability which can assist in recording data.

How to download the app:

- 1: Open the Google Play Store
- 2: Search for ECC Remote Monitor
- 3: Download the App
- 4: The app will install automatically

Running the App:

When the ECC Remote Monitor app is started, it asks for your permission to use the Bluetooth capabilities of your Android device, if you deny this request, the application will close.

Connecting to a device:

The home screen should now be shown, and you may choose to connect to a device via Bluetooth in the action bar at the top or bottom of the screen (depending on your device screen size).

You may choose devices by using the menu button in any Android systems below version

3.0 (Honeycomb). If the ECC device does not appear in the connection menu, select the scan button and it will appear in the menu if it is within range.

The device name will either be shown as **null**, or **ECC_XXX** where “XXX” is the serial number of the device.

Select the ECC device to connect with it.

The first time you attempt to connect with this device, you will be asked for a pairing code, which will be ‘1234’. A confirmation message will be displayed if the device has been successfully connected. You may now take an x-ray or mA measurement.

Data

The data will be displayed on the screen with each reading numbered sequentially, along with the time each measurement is taken. If an x-ray is taken, kVp, ms, and a timestamp will be shown.

If you are using a model 820 meter, mA and mAs will also be shown.

Note: when using a model 815 meter, mAs will display as N/A (not applicable).

If the data extends beyond the size of the screen, you may swipe vertically or horizontally to scroll through it.

Saving Data:

The data collected will be displayed on screen and you may choose to save it on your SD card or Google drive account. To save the file to your SD card, type the desired filename in the text box at the top of the screen and press the 'save' button. If you have a Google account, you may choose to upload the data to your Google Drive™ cloud storage. Select the 'Google Drive' button to choose an account to upload to. To send the file to Google Drive, press the 'Upload' button, which will appear after selecting an account.

Changing Accounts: To select a different account, long press (Hold) the 'Upload' button until the account selection menu appears.

If you choose to upload the data, a text file with all the information collected will be stored in your Google Drive cloud storage.

If you saved your file to the SD card, use a file explorer program (search "file explorer" in Google Play) and navigate to your SD folder. Your file will be there named as "the text you chose".txt.

To clear the data at any time, press the "Clear" button.

Troubleshooting:

If at first, the ECC Remote Monitor application does not function properly, try exiting and reopening the app. If a Bluetooth connection cannot be made between your Android and the ECC device, try turning the ECC device off and on, and then try to connect again with the application.

If the app does not display a readout when taking x-ray measurements, it is possible that your payment method is still pending. Once the payment is cleared, your application will be licensed and allow measurement readouts.

If for some reason, the app will not work with your android device, the instrument can still be used for measurements. You may contact us to report bugs in the application. If we fail to correct an issue regarding the compatibility of the app with your device in a timely manner, we may issue you a refund for the purchase price of the application.

Verified Compatible Devices:

This feature has been tested with the following devices and operating systems:

- Nexus 7
- Razor
- Samsung Galaxy Tab
- Samsung Galaxy S3

Android operating systems:

- 4.2 (Jellybean)

STATUS MESSAGES

The alphanumeric display on the Model 815 is capable of displaying messages along with the output readings that give the user additional information. Each message is described below:

Rdy Fast - Unit is ready for a reading in Fast mode

RdyHiRes - Unit is ready for a reading in Hi Resolution mode

AlignErr - Alignment Error. Position the Model 815 in the center of the x-ray beam.

Over Rng - Over Range. The x-ray output is too high. Use a lower mA setting or increase the distance from the x-ray head to the Model 815.

OvrScale - Over Scale. The output of the x-ray exceeds the measurable range of the Model 815.

Low Batt - Battery is low. The unit may still be operated for several hours, but accuracy may suffer. Replace the batteries as soon as possible.

Low Time- The exposure time is too low. Make sure that the x-ray exposure time is at least 0.04 sec (40ms). When this error occurs, pressing the white button will not give the user any information about the exposure time or waveform type.

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

The Model 815 is supplied with 4 AA batteries. Replace the battery when the "Low Batt" indication shows in the display. Long life alkaline batteries are available from ECC. We also carry extra long life Lithium batteries. Any standard AA batteries can be used in the 815. To prolong battery life, turn the instrument off when not in use.

To replace the battery, slide open the battery compartment on the bottom of the case. Remove the old batteries, and install the new batteries. Observe the correct polarity of the batteries as shown on the bottom of the battery compartment.

WARRANTY

Electronic Control Concepts warrants the Model 815 X-ray kVp Meter / Exposure Time Meter from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 2 years. There is no warranty on the battery. ECC will replace or repair any Model 815 during the first year after shipment that does not show obvious signs of abuse. Contact the factory as described below.

SERVICE INFORMATION

If a unit should need calibration or service, please contact the factory by phone or fax to obtain a Return Materials Repair authorization.

(800)VIP-XRAY or (800)847-9729 Phone
(845)247-9028 Fax

After obtaining an RMR number, ship the unit to:
Electronic Control Concepts
160 Partition Street
Saugerties, NY 12477

SPECIFICATIONS

RANGE

45 to 125 kV – Model 815
40 to 115 kV – Model 815L

KVP ACCURACY

2% +/- 1 kV, at 25 to 100 mA,
18 to 42 cm from head,
Tungsten target x-ray tube with 1.5 mm
Al equivalent filtration

EXPOSURE TIME ACCURACY

1% +/- 2 millisecond - 120 mS and
longer at 50 to 80 kV, 25 to 50 mA
Minimum exposure time is 100
millisecond for measurement

MINIMUM EXPOSURE TIME

40 millisecond - High Speed Mode
80 millisecond - High Resolution Mode

MINIMUM CURRENT (mA)

7 mA at 65 kV, 10 cm from x-ray (815)
5 mA at 50 kV, 10 cm from x-ray (815L)
Also depends on focus

DISPLAY

0.4" (10.2mm) Liquid Crystal
8 Character Alphanumeric

CONTROLS/INDICATORS

ON/OFF Switch – Illuminated
MODE Switch – momentary push-button

OUTPUTS

8 Character Liquid Crystal Display

POWER

4 AA batteries accessible from
bottom of case
Low battery indicator

BATTERY LIFE

48 hours continuous
Typically 9 months of normal use

ENVIRONMENTAL

Temperature
Operating +10°C to 40°C
Storage 0°C to 50°C
Humidity
Up to 75% relative humidity

PHYSICAL SIZE

150 X 120 X 58.5 mm
5.9 X 4.7 X 2.3 inches

WEIGHT

0.7 kg, (1.5 lb)

CONNECTIONS

None

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

Carrying Case 815CC
Hard Carry Case 815HS
Custom designed case for ECC kVp Meter

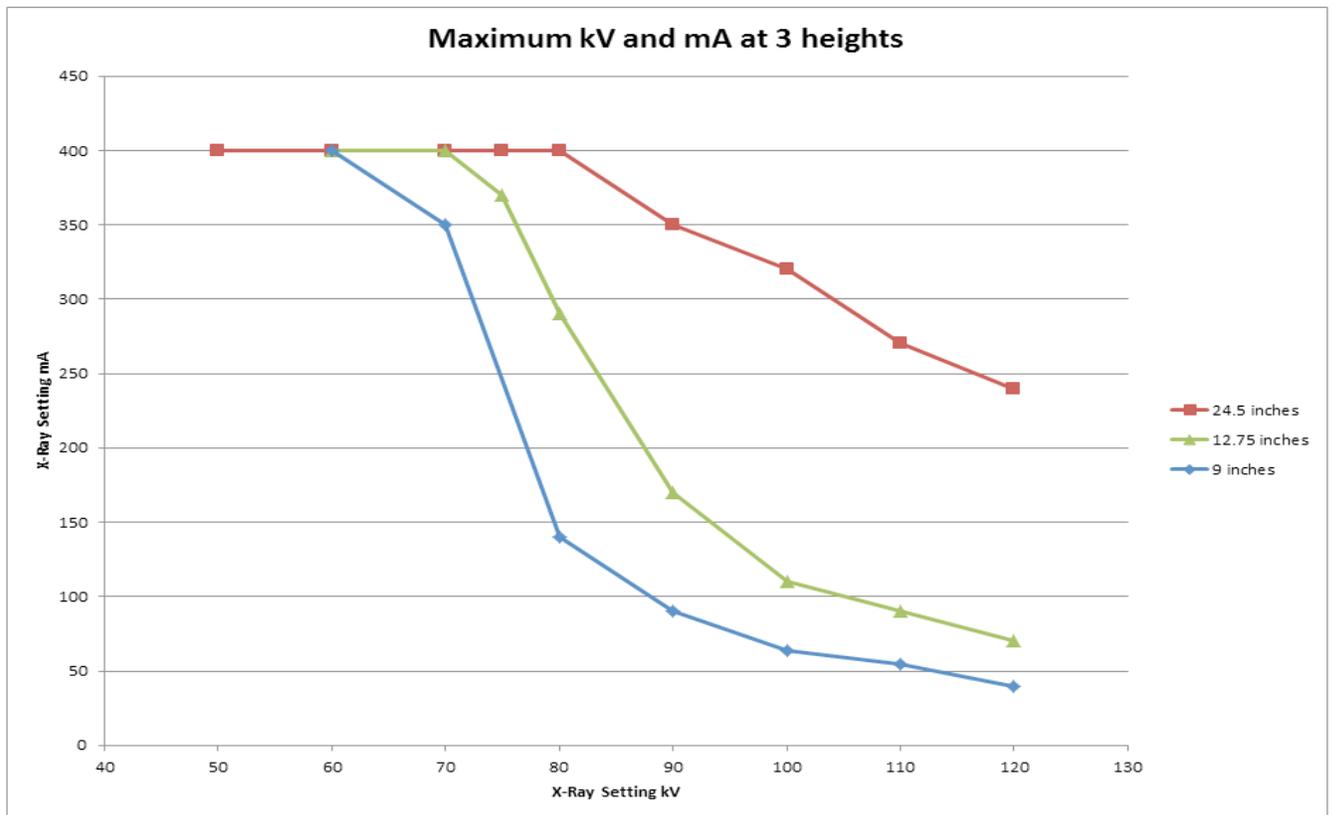
APPENDIX A

Additional information for accurate kVp Measurement.

Height (distance from instrument to x-ray head)

This instrument can measure kVp accurately over the specified range and is relatively independent of the height of the x-ray tube above the instrument. However, there are limitations that must be taken into account. Please note, that when we refer to height, we are discussing the height above the instrument to the actual x-ray head, not the collimator. The intensity of any x-ray is proportional to kV, to x-ray tube current (mA) and distance (height), so all three parameters are important. To simplify this discussion, please refer to the chart below:

The chart below shows the maximum kV and mA. This instrument can accurately measure at kV / mA combinations below the three curves at the particular height.



Two examples will clarify the use of the chart. If the user anticipates measuring a kV of 100 at a tube current of 200 or 250 mA, The height should be 24 or 25 inches (about 64 cm). If the user tries to make the measurement at a height of 12 or 13 inches (31 cm) the unit will read overscale. As another example, at 60 kV, the instrument can measure up to 400 mA at a height of at least 9 inches (23 cm). Keep in mind that for low mA, and low kV there is also a sensitivity issue, and that lower heights will be helpful in getting readings at low kV / mA settings.

Here are some more guidelines:

For dental x-rays with an output from 7 to 15 mA, place the instrument ½ to 2 inches (2 to 5 cm) under the cone.

For kV of 40 to 50 kV, 15 to 50 mA a height of about 6 inches (15 cm) will work well.

Additional height will allow measurements at high kV and mA.

Measurements with plastic wrap

Many dental offices use a thin, transparent plastic cover over the x-ray head to help with infection control. The plastic can induce measurement errors because of the static charge that gets built up on the plastic. For best results remove the plastic cover.

Pre-Heat

Many x-rays, particularly dental units with a single winding head excite the x-ray at a lower voltage before the actual exposure in order to allow the filament to warm up. Some of these x-rays emit radiation during this “pre-heat” time. This presents a measurement problem. If the kVp reading appears to be inaccurate, check the exposure time. If the measured exposure time is longer than the expected time, the meter is picking up the pre-heat radiation. Increase the distance from the x-ray head to the instrument. If the pre-heat radiation is significant, you may need to experiment to find the right height.



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